





THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

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The Fifty Million Yellow Menace

Do You Think It Is Necessary to Plan NOW Against the Invasion of the Brown Men of Japan?

Marvelous are the Japanese, wonderful their power and facility in learning. In a generation they have changed from a nation of ignorant nobles, depending upon their fighting men—the Samurai, or two-sword men—into modern, intelligent beings, drillers of armies and builders of navies, as big, as powerful, and MORE EFFICIENT THAN THOSE OF THE WHITE MEN IN MANY RESPECTS.

Nature's power only kept the masses of the people fixed within their borders. Mountains and rivers alone sufficed to keep back the moving horde. When population became too dense, and the great crowd of Tartars, Mongolians, and other Asiatics started on weary marches, hunger, disease and battle killed them.

There could have been no thought a few years ago of the Japanese crossing the great Pacific Ocean to this continent. And to-day, in the minds of intelligent Americans, THAT VERY POSSIBILITY, THAT PROBABILITY, SHOULD BE THE FIRST AND CONSTANT THOUGHT.

The Japanese have changed from men with little canoes, unable to navigate out of the sight of land, into a people that are building torpedo boats swift as express trains, battleships the biggest in the world, AND FLYING MACHINES THAT WITHIN THE LIVES OF THOSE NOW LIVING WILL CARRY MEN AND ARMS ACROSS ANY OCEAN.

We wish that every man in this country, those who make laws, and especially such men as Mr. Wilson and Mr. Bryan, who encourage Japanese ambition and arrogance, JAPANESE AMBITION TO OWN AND CONTROL THIS COUNTRY—we wish that they could read a few pages of a small pamphlet prepared by A. W. Thomas, a pamphlet of facts.

When we are told that the Japanese "do not want to come to America," that there is no reason why they should come, or when it is alleged that America discriminates against the poor yellow man as other countries do not, have at your finger tips a few facts.

The United States, in the first place, has been more gentle, more considerate in its treatment of the Japanese, Chinese and other Asiatics THAN ANY OF THE COLONIES OWNED BY GREAT BRITAIN.

The English call themselves the friends of Japan, and they have an alliance with Japan, offensive and defensive.

And yet the English Government, that England whose newspapers criticize American action, has been more determined in exclusion of the Japanese than any other nation. And the treaty between England and Japan is largely based upon England's desire to be upon good terms with Japan IN ORDER TO BE ABLE TO KEEP THE JAPANESE OUT OF THE ENGLISH COLONIES, AND THUS AVOID LOSING THOSE COLONIES.

What is Japan? It is a country of intelligent, determined men and women—ambitious, vain of their power and reckless of life.

The whole of Japan is only equal to two-thirds of the State of California. And more than half of Japan is worthless for the purpose of raising food.

There are in Japan FIFTY MILLIONS of human beings. Think what that means.

And in Japan the birth rate exceeds the death rate vastly. Every year the number of Japanese born is seven hundred thousand greater than the number of those that die.

What is to become of those seven hundred thousand surplus Japanese yearly?

We don't know, BUT WE DO KNOW THAT THEY SHALL NOT COME HERE TO SPREAD NORTH AND SOUTH AND EAST, AND MAKE THIS NORTHERN COUNTRY THE SPREADING GROUND AND THE BREEDING GROUND OF AN ASIATIC RACE.

Civilization has always traveled around this world—as long as we have known history—from the East to the West.

From Asia to Greece, from Greece to Rome, from Rome to Spain and France, from France to England, from England to the United States, from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

The people of this country do not intend that the thing shall be reversed, or that power and conquest shall come eastward across the Pacific Ocean from Japan to America.

Should there be any continuing of the movement of conquest, in the future as in the past it will still be westward from the western coast of California, west across the Pacific, toward Asia—and that already has been done and begun in Hawaii and in the Philippines.

Think of the temptation that is held out to those fifty millions of Japanese crowded together when they look upon the coast of California.

The three great States of Washington, Oregon and California have a population of only nine people to the square mile, and IN JAPAN THE POPULATION AVERAGES THREE HUNDRED AND THIRTY TO THE SQUARE MILE.

Do we need wonder that the Japanese, fifty millions of them packed in a small territory, the greater part of it arid and worthless, should be eager and determined if possible to overflow and come into the land of promise and wealth, AND OF THE WHITE MAN?

Theorists may say what they please, and sentimentalists may talk as they please.

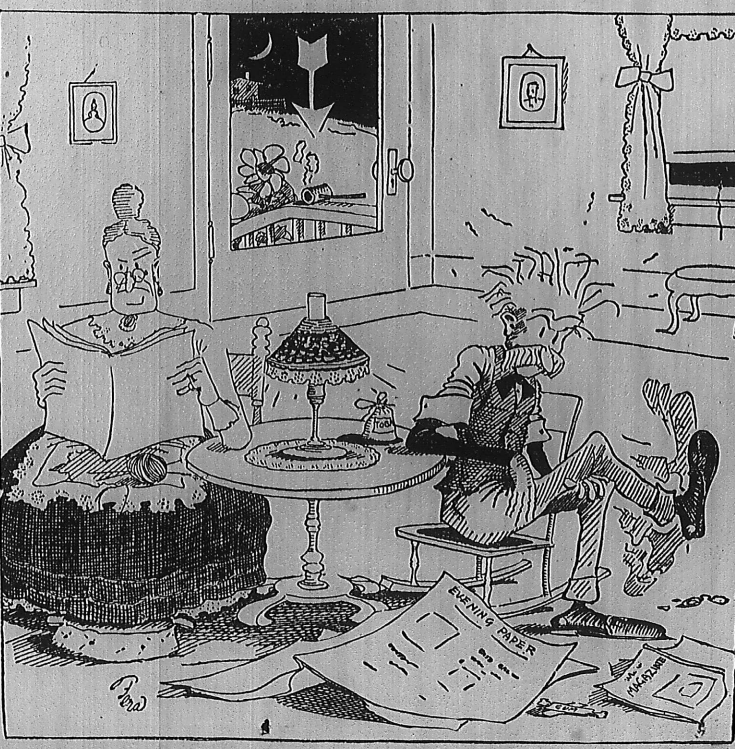
The white people of the United States are determined that the thousands of square miles on our Pacific Coast, and every other square mile of this continent, SHALL BE PROPELLED IN TIME BY WHITES—AND MEANWHILE THE YELLOW AND THE BROWN RACE SHALL STAY OUT.

The fight which the Americans must carry on now, the fight to keep the Asiatics from coming eastward across the Pacific to this land, is the fight that the plucky men of Hungary, fighting Frenchmen, the determined Germanic tribes carried on for centuries against the Asiatic invasion moving westward.

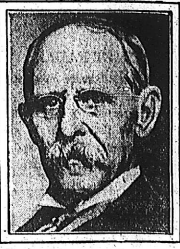
The Swinging Doors



Mr. Suburbs and His Pipe



Baby's Lessons in Evolution the Beginning of Progress in the Great Step of Life.



Child Begins as Quadruped and Its Acquired Erect Attitude Reveals Its Passage from the Animal Stage

YOUR baby is a quadruped! Have your mind that? It is no more able to stand erect without the aid of its hands than a monkey is. It goes on all fours.

Upon that simple fact you may build up the whole law of evolution, which some persons find as difficult to comprehend.

If you doubt that the earliest human forms resembled those of the apes and monkeys, who had the same common ancestor with us, you can get rid of that doubt by studying the attitude of your baby, and the changes that take place in its bones and muscles as it gradually acquires the ability to stand and to walk freely about upon its feet.

One of the strangest things and one of the most illuminating that science has discovered is the fact that animals of all kinds, including man, exhibit, during their individual development, beginning from the earliest germ of physical life, the principal stage of evolution that their race has passed through in its slow rise through the various orders of being.

Many of the ancestral peculiarities that were possessed by their remote predecessors show at the start of their existence, but disappear, one by one, as they approach the adult, or full-grown form, that characterizes them at present.

If you will look into the works of Huxley, Haeckel, Metchnikoff and others who have studied and illustrated the development of the form of man, you will be astonished by the absolute likeness between the embryo (from Greek words meaning "in the bud") of a human being and that of a lower animal, and you will be more astonished to see how this likeness vanishes by successive steps, as the human form emerges and the animal characteristics drop away.

To fully understand the arguments based upon these scientific investigations you must have considerable knowledge of anatomy and physiology. But, if you will study, without any special scientific knowledge, the daily development of your baby, you will comprehend evolution practically just as well as if you had gone through a course of study in biology. And, perhaps, your conviction of its truth will be all the stronger.

The baby begins as a quadruped, taking the attitude of its enormously remote animal ancestors, who could not walk erect because their hip joints (as is still the case with monkeys) were so placed that the center of gravity of the whole body was ahead of them.

The baby still retains this "monkey-like" characteristic, for he has otherwise become a miniature man or woman. But, very rapidly, a change manifests itself. As the baby grows the curvature of its spine alters in such a way as to bring the center of gravity of the body not only over the line of the hip joints, but even a little back of it.

This causes, as you will notice, a tendency of the child, when it first begins to hold itself erect, to lurch and fall backward. Since a monkey never undergoes the change in the form of the spine which transforms a quadruped into a biped, it can not fall backward when, with the aid of its forefeet, or hands, it sets itself into a partially erect attitude. Its center of gravity remaining in front of the hip line, it always comes down face forward.

In the case of the baby nature provides for the backward falling tendency by the development of bands of powerful muscles on the front of the hip joints, which enable the human being to hold himself in balance when he is standing upright, and which no other animal possesses. Nothing is more interesting than to watch a child gradually acquiring control of these muscles. When that control is acquired, it runs, leaps, jumps and rotates with an accuracy of the most universally effective bodily machine that evolution has yet developed on our globe. Then, at last, the last monkey characteristic has disappeared.

Some people seem to repeat the idea that the human form takes its rise by regular variations and gradations out of mere animal shapes, and, for sentimental reasons, persist in rejecting it. But, rightly considered, this process of evolution is the strongest possible argument for the existence of some kind of "divinity" in man, because it shows that, without violating the laws of nature, he has been enabled to reach a position which seems to place him, in some respects, above nature!

The Corn Law

By REV. THOMAS B. GREGORY.

SIXTY-FOUR years ago the plain people of Great Britain scored one of the greatest economic triumphs of the ages—the passage through Parliament of the act known as the "Corn Law."

The campaign leading up to this "famous victory" was one of the most wonderful in the history of the platform. Six meetings were never seen before and have never been seen since, meetings of fifty, seventy-five, a hundred thousand people, worked up to the highest pitch of interest, an interest that came home to men's business and booms in a most direct, practical and pathetic fashion. Such subscriptions—as much as 50,000 pounds being raised at a single meeting. The great fund of 1845, aggregating 250,000 pounds (\$1,250,000), was raised like lightning.

Many of the chairmen and speakers were what they call "common laborers," but they possessed uncommon ideas and uncommon ability in expressing those ideas, and they shook old England up as she had never been before.

The "Corn Law League," organized in March, 1837, entered into the work with the purity of intent and fiery ardor of the out-

Criander, and never was a great and noble propaganda blessed with a more perfect victory. The "interests" fought the league tooth and nail, with fair means and foul, and the league fought back.

At last the great day came—June 25, 1846—when the Lords read the bill for the third time and passed it—passed it because of the irresistible pressure, that was brought to bear upon them by the plain people. By the provisions of the bill all grain was admitted into the country practically free, and the poor man's bread was no longer in jeopardy.

The mighty spirit of the league was, of course, Richard Cobden, the "international man," without whose genius, fire and perseverance the Corn Law bill would never have won out. For seven years from the foundation of its purpose, he worked incessantly, he presided at the meetings, and every where storming men's hearts by his profuse earnestness, and winning their reason by his cool unswerving logic.

As men's ideas get to be more elevated Cobden will become more and more of a "realist" in the great Pantheon of Humanity.







HOUSE STIRRED BY SLAP AT WOMEN

Lower Body Will Take Up Resolution Giving Women That Chamber for Meeting.

Contrary to general expectation, the Senate made no effort to take from the table today the resolution of Mr. Hoke of the Thirty-fifth, permitting the use of the Senate chamber tomorrow and Thursday nights to the Georgia Woman Suffrage Association.

Representative John Y. Smith, of Fulton, who offered the House resolution Monday, had intended calling it up for action today, but he learned that a move might be made in the Senate to take up its twice rejected resolution and put it in the passage.

Mr. Smith purposely refrained from agitating the matter in the House.

Mr. Smith to Push Measure. "I had heard," said Representative Smith, "that the Senate might reconsider its action, and I wished to avoid if possible making even a seeming issue with that body. However, I shall call up my resolution tomorrow and vigorously urge its passage."

"As it stands now, I do not wish my resolution to be considered as a slap at the Senate, but I do think the women of Georgia should be permitted the use of one hall or the other, particularly as we have permitted their use for the purpose of holding political organizations—including negroes."

The Woman Suffrage Association meets Wednesday, and I can not hold of my resolution. Further, many members of the House and numerous members of the Senate seem to feel that a mistake has been made in withholding from the women permission to use one of the halls; and, anyway, I, for one, will not record as being in favor of extending this courtesy to them."

Members Are Baffled. There are many members of both bodies who feel keenly the impending difference of recent opinion between the Senate and the House that will be spread upon the Journals in the event the House votes to permit the use of its hall to the suffragists.

Senator Coville said he thought in view of the fact that the House purposely deferred action today, in order that the Senate might reconsider its action at Monday's session, he thought the Senate could well afford to reverse its opinion and grant the use of the hall.

"I do not think the Senate quite unwarranted that the Senate chamber be used by these women entirely at night, at a time when it could not interfere in the slightest with the business of the Senate, and that it may be used entirely for the purposes of the women. The Senate will be very ready to commit itself to the cause of woman suffrage by permitting the use of the hall no more, I think, than it would have committed itself to the cause of Mr. Roosevelt by permitting the use of a Bull Moose gathering."

House Not to Hesitate. Nevertheless, no one in the Senate has let pass the last opportunity to forestall contrary action by the House, there are very many members of the

The Georgian-American Pony Contest VOTE COUPON

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian PONY CONTEST VOTE COUPON 5 VOTES NOT GOOD AFTER JULY 22, 1913. Vote for \_\_\_\_\_ Address \_\_\_\_\_ CARRIERS' AND AGENTS' BALLOT.

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian Pony Contest Coupon 5 VOTES NOT GOOD AFTER JULY 22, 1913.

Vote for \_\_\_\_\_ Address \_\_\_\_\_ SCHOOL BOYS' AND GIRLS' BALLOT.

WATER FAMINE THREATENS AS PUMP FAILS

Breaking of Atlanta's Biggest Machine Forces Double Work on Smaller Ones.

Past work by employees of the City Waterworks Department is all that stands between Atlanta and a water shortage. The 18,000-gallon pump at the river station broke down Tuesday, leaving only a 2,000,000-gallon capacity. This is the daily demand for the city. Should one of the smaller pumps break—and one of them has collapsed several times during the past year—Atlanta's only salvation from a water famine would be the 400,000-gallon storage tank in the reservoir at the Hemphill station.

The broken pump at the Frank P. Rice, which has given considerable trouble. One of the cylinder heads cracked, and anticipating a break a new cylinder head was ordered. Tuesday the cylinder head fell apart.

Mayor Woodruff and Zede Smith, who was in charge of the work, went out to look over the plant Tuesday.

Later today, with the completion of the body in favor of going right through with the several times during the past year—Atlanta's only salvation from a water famine would be the 400,000-gallon storage tank in the reservoir at the Hemphill station.

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ALL POLICIES ON PAINTER'S LIFE NOT PAID

Insurance Publication Says Penn Mutual Settled Only Minor Portion of \$100,000 Claims.

The family of E. O. Painter, the wealthy Jacksonville fertilizer manufacturer who lost his life in St. Johns River on May 22 and who carried \$1,175,000 life and accident insurance, did not receive the full face value of the \$100,000 policies in the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company as was reported from Jacksonville, according to the current issue of The Insurance Herald.

This paper says: "A usually authoritative source of information last week caused us to carry an item to the effect that the Penn Mutual had paid the entire claim of about \$100,000 of the estate of E. O. Painter, of Jacksonville, who is generally believed to have committed suicide a few weeks ago."

It appears at this time, however, that this was an error and that the Penn Mutual merely paid a few thousands of insurance taken out more than a year ago and returned about \$11,700 that had been paid in premiums on the new policies.

The date of three policies with the Penn Mutual, only one of which had been taken out previous to this year, was given as about \$1,000,000 new insurance. That one old policy was for \$100,000, the other two were added this year, being respectively for \$500,000 and \$475,000, ending up the total to \$1,025,000.

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GRANT'S RIGHT TO DEMAND LEE'S FREEDOM

Negro's Counsel Secures Chance to Argue for Habeas Corpus to Writ Wednesday.

Attorney C. J. Graham, of the firm of Graham & Campbell, went to the home of Judge W. D. Ellis Tuesday afternoon to obtain the court's signature to an application for a writ of habeas corpus in behalf of New Lee, negro militant organizer in the National Pencil Factory prior to the killing of Mary Phagan.

Judge Ellis said he would sign the application and set Wednesday morning at 9:30 o'clock for a hearing on the writ. The hearing will be held in Judge Ellis' court. Mr. Graham announced that he would ask subpoena for Jim Conley and Lee M. Dorsey.

Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey said Tuesday he was confident the State would be able to defeat any attempt to get New Lee out of the Tower, where he has been confined since April 17, first as a suspect in the Mary Phagan murder case and later as a material witness. He said he had advised Lee's attorney not to take the action, as the negro was regarded as an important witness in making a complete chain of evidence against Lee M. Dorsey.

Dorsey's Attitude Meets. The plan of Judge Conley and Frank together may meet an insurmountable obstacle when it comes to getting the permission of Frank's attorney. The law would not permit a witness to testify or to refuse to testify, and that Frank would not say what the attitude of the defense would be.

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NO UNWRITTEN LAW FOR HORSEWHIPPER



MRS. CORA LANIER LEE.

Mrs. Cora Lee reiterates she was slandered and she was her only redress.

The unwritten law, invoked in her aid by Attorney W. S. Coburn, failed to obtain the acquittal of Mrs. Cora Lee, the pretty young woman charged with horsewhipping T. D. Thompson in police court Tuesday afternoon. Recorder Dreyfus had her \$1075.

Attorney Coburn's plea that Mrs. Lee be freed from an unwritten law that permits a woman to protect her honor and character, came after Mrs. Lee had told a dramatic story on the witness stand. She said she whipped Thompson because it seemed the only way she could avenge herself for alleged slanderous remarks made by Thompson. "I had had no other for," she said.

In his plea for the acquittal of his client Attorney Coburn declared that a woman's character is all she has and she should not be punished for defending it. "I am sorry I can not turn Mrs. Lee loose," said Judge Dreyfus, "but I can't because she has violated the law. I do not believe in the unwritten law. She should have resorted to the courts to clear her name."

The case against Thompson was dismissed. Mrs. Lee is the wife of J. J. Lee, of the Central of Georgia Railroad, but has been separated from her husband for two months. Several months ago she was charged with horsewhipping Thompson and his wife resided with them on Peachtree Street.

Mrs. Lee says she was horsewhipped by Thompson because it seemed the only way she could avenge herself for alleged slanderous remarks made by Thompson. "I had had no other for," she said.

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HIXON HAS NEW PLAN TO PAY TEACHERS

Would Amend Constitution So State's Bonded Indebtedness Might Be Increased.

Senator J. T. Hixon proposed a constitutional amendment Tuesday, making the prompt payment of school teachers' salaries an emergency for which the State's bonded indebtedness might be increased.

Section 12, article 7, of the constitution provides the State debt shall not be exceeded except to repel invasion and for kindred causes. Senator Hixon's signature on the bill was on Wednesday, July 16, and changed the date to Saturday, July 19.

The bill was referred to the committee on constitutional amendments. After a prolonged debate the Senate recommended its acceptance of the invitation to visit Augusta in the body of Wednesday, July 16, and changed the date to Saturday, July 19.

With unanimous consent, the name of Senator C. M. Hulse—taking Clayton County and placing it in the 14th—was added to the committee on education.

By Hulse—Making it a misdemeanor to issue a worthless check, draft or order unless redemption follows in three days.

By Hulse—Amending the parishment law, exempting 1) and half of each day's additional salary of mechanics and day laborers.

By Hulse—Providing for monthly sessions of the Boards of Revenue and Bonds of Stewart County.

By Hulse—Placing the salaries of Solicitor General at \$1,000 plus present fee in the Supreme Court and Court of Appeals.

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Virginian Marries Atlanta Girl After Courtship by Mail

Twenty-four hours after J. L. Mifflin, a prosperous young business man of Richmond, Va., came to Atlanta as a bachelor he left for the Virginia home a benedict.

He was married Monday afternoon, Miss Ada Belle Eaves, of 29 Gordon Place, West End, is the bride. The couple were married in Richmond. Several years ago they moved to Atlanta. The young people had been writing to each other since that time.

Sunday Mr. Mifflin came to Atlanta on a visit. They decided to get married on the spot.

CONFERS ON G. A. R. MEET. CHATTAHOOCHEE, July 8.—General Robert M. Grant, commander-in-chief of the Sons of Veterans, U. S. A. of Chattahoochee, is here for a conference in regard to the annual conference of the G. A. R. here in September.

Funeral Designs and Flowers FOR ALL OCCASIONS. Atlanta Floral Company, 408 EAST FAIR STREET.

A YOUNG BRIDE GOT A DIVORCE IN ATLANTA YESTERDAY

because her husband refused to let her have a telephone in the house.

His refusal was recognized by the court as "cruel treatment."

A telephone in the home has come to be recognized as a necessity.

At 81.3 cents a day, it is practically within the reach of all.

ATLANTA TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO.

SUMMER LUXURY For Skin Irritations



A Soothing Bath with CUTICURA SOAP

Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, sold throughout the world. Beware of cheap imitations. Address post-card, "Cuticura," Dept. 110, Boston, Mass. Write for literature and Cuticura Soap will be sent to you free.

CHICAGO

CHOICE OF ROUTES AND GOOD SERVICE

ION

Food Inspector Has Meat Packers Tried

Seven meat packers were given a hearing before Commissioner of Agriculture J. D. Price and Attorney General Thomas D. Ford Tuesday afternoon on charges of unsanitary conditions, preferred by Pure Food Inspector P. A. Mervin.

The charges grew out of a grand jury indictment recently returned by the Agricultural Department.

A few considering evidence submitted by the pure food inspector and the report of the packers, Commissioner Price will decide as to whether prosecution of the charges should be started in the courts.

Swimming Course Urged For Schools

THIRTON, N. J., July 8.—Many thousands of boys who did not know how to swim stirred Dr. Calvin N. Kendall, State Commissioner of Education, to say he was an advocate of consulting school children to learn swimming in the summer months, when no one can graduate who can not swim.

Under the McBurnett law, which compels the teaching in every public school of the State how to avoid accidents swimming can be made compulsory.

Abernathy Ill; Given Sympathy by Council

Sympathy to Councilman Roy Abernathy, of the Seventh Ward, who is passed by the City Council Monday afternoon, was expressed in the city council chamber, where recently he underwent a serious illness.

Earlier Collection Of Garbage Urged

ALDERMAN James R. Nutting has introduced a resolution in the Atlanta City Council providing new regulations in the disposition of garbage within the fire limits.

Therefore the health of Atlanta has collected garbage between 1 and 2 o'clock in the morning, but with the new regulations, which is almost completed, it is proposed to have the collection made much earlier.

Italian Invents New Hydroplane of Steel

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian. ROME, July 8.—Commander Ottobello, chief of the aviation section at Venice, made a test of his new hydroplane, the first of its kind, on the coast from Trieste to Venice.

The machine was successfully navigated through a rough sea and high wind.

Big G

Currents in 8 to 10 days. Guaranteed not to irritate. Prevents contact with water. Write for literature. At drug stores, or on request, THE GRAND CENTRAL CO., Cincinnati, O.

SPECIAL TRAIN

July 10. Lv. Atlanta . . . 8:05 a. m. Arr. Asheville . . . 6:30 p. m. Through Train—No Stops \$6.00 ROUND TRIP. SOUTHERN RAILWAY

ATLANTA'S OLDEST SAVINGS BANK

Pay Interest From July 1 on All Money Deposited July 10. It is estimated that \$100,000 was interest on Savings Accounts for the six months ending July 1. All money deposited on or before July 10, 1913, will receive the same rate of interest. The Georgia Savings Bank and Trust Company will pay interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum from July 10, 1913, on all money deposited on or before July 10,







**WOMAN EXPECTS INDICATION OF LASHING MAN**

Mrs. Cora Lee Reiterates She Was Slandered and Horsewhipping Was Only Redress.

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**The Georgian-American Pony Contest VOTE COUPON**

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian PONY CONTEST VOTE COUPON 5 VOTES

NOT GOOD AFTER JULY 22, 1913.

Vote for Address CARRIERS' AND AGENTS' BALLOT.

**Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian Pony Contest Coupon 5 VOTES NOT GOOD AFTER JULY 22, 1913.**

Vote for Address SCHOOL BOYS' AND GIRLS' BALLOT.

**SEARCHING SIDELIGHTS ON POLITICS IN GEORGIA**

By JAMES B. NEVIN.

The grand jury of Tate...

error feels that he has been neglected in the Executive office by the grand jury...

**Virginian Marries Atlanta Girl After Courtship by Mail**

Twenty-four hours after J. L. Minson, a prosperous young business man of Richmond, Va., came to Atlanta...

**Deserted Wife, Near Starving, Asks Work**

After tramping the streets of Atlanta for four days without food...

**Cupid Makes Realty Firm Like Partners**

CHARLOTTE, N. C., July 8.—Dr. Charles S. Chase, of Daytona, a veterinary surgeon and real estate operator...

**Postoffice Bandits Escape in Battle**

WALNUT RIDGE, ARK., July 8.—In a battle early today between masked postoffice bandits and Sheriff Charles S. Chase and his posse...

**CONFERS ON G. A. R. MEET.**

RALEIGH, N. C., July 8.—General John Owen and his staff...

**STATE SURE LEE WILL NOT BE RELEASED**

Dorsey Confident That Move, Which May Confront Frank With Conley, Is Futile.

Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey said Tuesday he was confident the State would be able to defeat any attempt to get Newt Lee out of the Tower...

Attorney Rosser is out of town, but Robert Arnold, associated with Rosser in the defense, said Tuesday...

**Refused by Brown, Mangham Now Asks Slaton for Pardon**

The Prison Commission again has taken up the application of J. J. Mangham for a pardon...

**Italian Invents New Hydroplane of Steel**

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian. ROMA, July 8.—An Italian inventor, Venice, made a test of his new hydroplane here...

**Quit Using 'U' After 'Q' Writer Urges**

LONDON, July 8.—He is a bold man who endeavors to reduce the English alphabet to order or consistency...

**Medical College Seeking State Aid**

SAUBERT, July 8.—Great preparations are being made for the entrance of students to the medical college...

**4 Inches of Water In Can Drains Boy**

COLUMBIANVILLE, W. Va., July 8.—Caught by drowning in a milk can that contained only four inches of water...

**COUNCIL INDORSES 500,000-CLUB PLAN**

Submitted by Miss P. S. Dudley, 97 Hurt Street.

Submitted by Miss P. S. Dudley, 97 Hurt Street.

Submitted by Hollis Morse, 60 Fair Street.

**Praises Hearst Papers and Urges Citizens of Atlanta to Wear Booster Buttons.**

Council at its regular meeting Monday, adopted resolutions endorsing the Georgian and America's 500,000 Club plan...

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**SPECIAL TRAIN JULY 10**

Lv. Atlanta 8:05 a. m. Ar. Asheville 6:30 p. m. Through Train—No Stops \$6.00 ROUND TRIP SOUTHERN RAILWAY

**Grand Opera Tights O. K.; Vaudeville Not**

In grand opera, tights are necessary, for art must be served; but in vaudeville, they are not...

**Charges Combine In Grocers' Trial**

BIRMINGHAM, July 8.—J. Imbrugli, of Abbeville, La., a witness to-day at the hearing of the contempt case against the Southern Wholesale Grocers' Association...

**Bartenders Hold Outing Next Sunday**

At Spinks Station, on the River car line, the local union of the Bartenders' International League will hold an outing...

**Stokes Funeral Held At Boulevard Home**

The funeral of William P. Stokes, 68, pioneer merchant of Atlanta, died at his home, 794 North Howell...

**Left Million Made In South Since War**

ANNISTON, July 8.—Colonel J. P. Parley, retired capitalist of this city, died at his home to-day...

**Augusta W. O. T. U. Opens Liquor Fight**

AUGUSTA, July 8.—Members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union (W. C. T. U.)...

**Abernathy Ill; Given Sympathy by Council**

Sympathy to Councilman Roy Abernathy, of the Seventh Ward, who is now in the hospital...

**ATLANTA'S OLDEST SAVINGS BANK**

Pay Interest From July 1 on All Deposits. It is estimated that \$105,000 was paid by the banks in Atlanta...

**CLEVELAND THE SCENIC WAY WITH DINING CARS**

Choice of routes and good service.

**SOCIETY WOMEN HELP MILK FUND**

One Donates In Memory of Own Dead Baby—More Poor Infants Being Fed Daily.

Contributions continue to come in for the fund being sought by the Mothers' Congress for pure milk for infants of the poor...

**Fears a Cold Wave; Turns on the Heat**

KALAMAZOO, MICH., July 8.—Apparently it does not pay for one to bring clothes around the corner...

**A YOUNG BRIDE GOT A DIVORCE IN ATLANTA YESTERDAY**

because her husband refused to let her have a telephone in the house.

**ATLANTA TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO.**

**Edison Talking Pictures Grand daily 2:30 to 10:30. All seats 10 cents.**

**ROBINSON'S BLACK BITTERS**

In the year 1857 Dr. J. C. Robinson, of Wallon County, Georgia, discovered the medicinal value of a certain plant...

**ATLANTA'S OLDEST SAVINGS BANK**

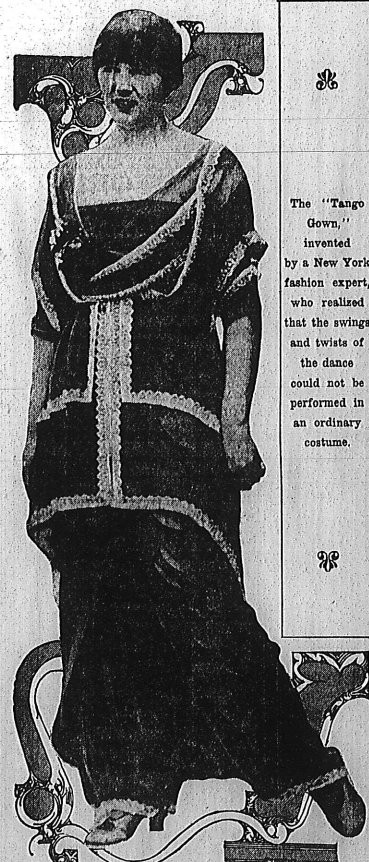
**CLEVELAND THE SCENIC WAY WITH DINING CARS**



# CHIEF STARTS WAR ON DOUBTFUL HOTELS

## STRIKERS AND GUARDS IN DESPERATE BATTLE

### GOWN FOR THE TANGO FASHION'S LATEST WHIM



### Weds Fourth Wife, Thrice a Widow, in Undertaker's Shop

MESA, ARIZ., July 8.—Three times wedded in church, and each time widowed within a few months or years, not to speak of a house ceremony which also ended fatally, Marshal Mosbarger has grown superstitious in regard to his weddings.

So in an undertaking parlor he was married to Mrs. Edith Lucretia Crandall, who herself has been three times widowed.

Mosbarger and Mrs. Crandall stood before the clergyman in a room the walls of which were lined with caskets filled with coffins.

After the ceremony the bride and bridegroom received a number of their friends in the undertaker's chapel, where refreshments were served.

**4 Inches of Water  
In Can Drowns Boy**

CALUMETVILLE, WIS., July 8.—Death by drowning in a milk can that contained only four inches of water was the fate of Norman, the four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Schumacher.

The child's chair, standing at the side of the milk can, rolled the grandchild when she sought the missing child.

# Plan to Confront Frank With Lee

## CABIN CREEK MINE WAR RENEWED

### Five Thousand Shots Fired From Ambush Into Camp of Non- Union Workers.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., July 8.—Rioting such as has made life and property in the Cabin-Creek coal field unsafe for more than a year past, broke out anew here last night when 150 strikers hidden in the thickly wooded hillside, opened fire with rifles upon the mining camp of the Cabin-Creek Consolidated Coal Company at Ohley, on Cabin Creek.

The firing started about 6 o'clock, when some of the miners who refused to obey the strike call were leaving the mine. Two miners, whose names were given out, are reported missing by Superintendent Harry Davis.

Sheriff Bonner Hill was notified of the shooting and he held a hurried conference with Governor Hatfield.

**5,000 Shots Fired.**

The sheriff was advised to consult with Judge Henry K. Birk, of the Intermediate Court, and Judge Samuel D. Littlepage, of the Kanawha Circuit Court, since it is the duty of those officers under the law to attempt to handle the situation before calling upon the Governor for assistance.

It is estimated that nearly 5,000 shots were fired from the hillside. Many of the bullets were directed at the power plant, and it is especially damaged.

This morning the rioters turned loose a heavy mine motor at the mouth of the mine and started it down the long slope toward the tipple below. Before reaching the tipple the motor was derailed by the carcass of a mule which had been shot down on the tramway.

**Camp at Mercy of Rioters.**

The Ohley mining camp is at the mercy of the rioters as the company has but half a dozen watchmen in reach. Sheriff Hill is expected to send a posse to their relief soon.

Ohley is located between Eckdale and Miami, both of which have large strikers' camps.

At various points along Cabin Creek scattering shots were fired from the hill this morning, but no casualties are reported.

## Grand Opera Tights O. K.; Vaudeville Not, Says City's Censors

In grand opera, y'know, tights are necessary, for art must be served; in musical comedy even the shorts are going long far, or rather, does not go far enough!

Such was the shocked decision of Councilman George H. Boynton and trustees of the Carnegie Library after they had witnessed the spectacle of half a dozen dainty madams displaying the light fantastic, clad in pink fleshings.

Mr. Boynton prepared a resolution and introduced it into Council Monday afternoon. The resolution makes no mention of grand opera.

## Cupid Makes Realty Firm Life Partners

BAYSHORE, L. I., July 8.—Dr. Charles S. Chase, of Bayshore, a veterinary surgeon and real estate operator, has married his partner in the real estate business, Miss Martha Hallock Hunt.

The real estate firm is known as Chase & Chase. Whether it will be Charles S. Chase & Wife, real estate dealers, the veterinarian declined to say.

Miss Hunt succeeded to the business which her father built up in 45 years.

## Swimming Course Urged For Schools

TRIDENTON, N. J., July 8.—Many drownings of boys who did not know how to swim stirred Dr. Calvin N. Kendall, State Commissioner of Education, to say he was an advocate of compelling school children to learn to swim.

He mentioned universities where no one can graduate who can not swim.

"Under the McDermott law, which compels the teaching in every public school of the State how to avoid accidents, swimming can be made compulsory," he said.

## Verdi Symphony Is Found With Rubbish

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.  
ROME, July 8.—When Verdi wrote "Aida" the score included a symphony for strings. Verdi was dissatisfied with this and wrote a long symphony in its place, but the symphony was lost.

Signora Maria Verdi Corry announced she had found it dirty and crumpled, in an old box of the composer's papers. Toscanini will decide whether it shall be produced at the great Verdi centenary in Milan in August.

## Italian Invents New Hydroplane of Steel

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.  
ROME, July 8.—Commander Giuseppe, chief of the aviation section at Venice, made a test of his new hydro-aeroplane here. It is different from the usual form in that it is made of metal and the floating part is shaped like a motor boat. The wings are so arranged that they allow almost automatic equilibrium to be maintained.

The machine was successfully navigated through a rough sea and high wind.

## Cigarettes 'Without Nicotine' for Italy

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.  
ROME, ITALY, July 8.—Cigarettes "without nicotine" will be sold here for the first time.

The Italian tobacco monopoly will start the sale in the fall, it was announced.

## THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Atlanta and Georgia—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

## ATTITUDE OF DEFENSE SECRET

### Attorneys for Accused Man Keep Him From Facing Ac- cuser if They Wish.

That Leo M. Frank, superintendent of the National Penitentiary, and James Conley, Frank's accuser in the Atlanta Phagan murder mystery, would be brought face to face Tuesday at the contemplated application for a writ of habeas corpus in behalf of New Lee, negro night watchman at the factory.

The plan of bringing Conley and Frank together may meet an insurmountable obstacle when it comes to getting the permission of Frank's attorneys. The law allows an indicted man to testify or to refuse to testify. Frank is not willing to appear as a witness at any time, but he has placed himself under the instructions of his lawyers and the matter is entirely in their hands.

## Confident Either House or Senate Will Allow Them Chamber for Convention.

Local suffragists confidently expect to be given permission either by the Senate or the House to-day to use one hall or the other two nights during the big convention of the Georgia Woman Suffrage Association, which begins in Atlanta to-morrow.

There are two resolutions now pending in the Legislature, one in the Senate and the other in the House.

The Senate resolution has been, in effect, rejected twice, but it never has been killed, and an attempt will be made to take it from the table to-day and pass it.

The resolution in the House was introduced Monday, but under the rules went over one day before being acted upon, and is in order for disposition to-day.

## Deceit on Senate.

If the Senate passes the resolution now before it, the House resolution will not be acted upon at all.

If the Senate fails to adopt its resolution to-day, however, the House resolution will be called up and probably passed.

There is a disposition in the House not to pass the House resolution if the Senate desires to reconsider its former action in turning down the suffragists. The House does not care to make a political mistake in re-consideration of a Senate act.

At the same time there is a disposition in the House to think that the suffragists should be permitted to use one hall or the other in view of the fact that the meetings could in no way interfere with legislative duties, and that it is customary to permit all sorts of political meetings in both chambers.

## Think Injustice Has Been Done.

For many members of the House think a great wrong was done the women of Georgia advocating equal suffrage, when the Senate declined to permit the use of its chamber to them, and unless the Senate reconsiders its action, the House is apt to extend the use of the Hall of Representatives.

A number of Senators think the Senate to-day will reconsider its first refusal, now that it is fully understood just what purpose the hall is to be put to by the suffragists, and if so, the matter will end peacefully and satisfactorily all around.

Otherwise, the House may pass its resolution, which, in effect, will be a sort of backlay at the Senate.

## Suffragists Urgo Reform Measures.

Georgia Suffragists, who convened in Atlanta Wednesday, have addressed letters to every member of the Legislature, urging certain bills relating to social and economic conditions. The letters are verbatim copies of the report of the committee on legislation, composed of Mrs. Amelia Woodall, Mrs. Mary L. McLendon, Mrs. Alice C. Daniel, Mrs. J. L. Gillette, Mrs. M. T. McWhorter, Miss Emma V. Paul and Miss Katherine Koch.

Child labor, compulsory education, raising the age of consent, vital statistics, the woman's lawyer bill, indeterminate sentences and the probation system are issues covered in the bills which have won the indorsement of the suffragists.

The sessions of the two-day convention will be held in the Labor Temple on O'Connell Avenue. Mrs. Walter H. Hill, Atlanta, will speak on "Laws Concerning Women and Children in Georgia."

## Legislative Dinner Guest List Includes Notables of Georgia

Invitations were sent out Tuesday for the informal dinner and reception which the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce will give in honor of the members of the Georgia Legislature Thursday night at the Piedmont Driving Club. Special cars will run from Pryor Street and Edgewood Avenue for the accommodation of guests.

The list of guests includes Governor Sison and his staff, Randolph Anderson, President of the Senate; William H. Russell, Speaker of the House; members of the Legislature, General R. K. Ely, commander of the Department of the Gulf, U. S. A.; Colonel Van Orsdale, of Fort McPherson; Judges of the Supreme Court and Court of Appeals; statehouse officials, Judges Frazier and Newman, of the Federal Court; General Vanhook, of the Georgia militia; Mayor Woodward, members of the City Council and the Board of County Commissioners; members of the Chamber of Commerce.

## Virginian Marries Atlanta Girl After Courtship by Mail

Twenty-four hours after J. L. Minson, a prosperous young business man of Richmond, Va., came to Atlanta to a bachelor he left for his Virginia home to be married Monday afternoon.

Miss Ada Belle Eaves, of 23 Gordon Place, West End, is the bride.

Minson had been in Atlanta for several days when he was introduced to Miss Eaves by a mutual friend. He was immediately attracted to her and he is in order for disposition to-day.

## Crows Rid Tobacco Fields of Worms

LYNCHBURG, VA., July 8.—Tobacco planters in the Southern States are trying to get rid of the tobacco worm by an innovation by which the ordinary black crow is being put to honest labor. The tobacco fields are overrun with the tobacco worm and it seems impossible to get them by hand, or by any other means.

Corn is being planted in the tobacco fields, and this attracts the young birds and eat the tobacco worms. The corn is not given to the use of the seed, and the growing tobacco is not molested.

## Fair, With Maximum of 90, Is Predicted

Fair weather and a maximum temperature of about 90 was the outlook early Tuesday.

The maximum temperature was only 82 degrees and at 8 o'clock Tuesday the mercury had jumped 17 and the risk was very slow.

At 5 o'clock Tuesday morning the thermometer on top of the Empire Building registered 45 degrees, which was the minimum of the night. An hour later the mark was 66. By 7 o'clock the mercury had jumped 17. At 8 o'clock the temperature was 78 and the risk was very slow.

## Boy Crushed by Auto Truck Will Recover

Surgeons at Grady Hospital are working hard to-day to save the life of Young Silverman, 13 years old, who was run over by an auto truck of the Ponce & Davies Company at Decatur and Butler Streets Monday afternoon.

Young Silverman sustained a broken leg, internal injuries and cuts on the head and chest. Not until Tuesday morning did he begin to show signs of recovery.

Silverman suffered his wound, and losing his balance, was thrown under the truck.

Georgia "Want Ads" manages thanks for those who dwell in the "sees of" Mr. Rockefeller got many telegrams of congratulation and received a number of old friends. His daily program included a game of golf, as usual.

## GIRL TELLS OF LIFE IN SLAVERS' HANDS

Hattie Smith Warns Young Women of Atlanta Against the Wiles of Procurers.

The startling experience of vice conditions by Hattie Smith, the alleged victim of the "system," resulted Tuesday in an aggressive war in the downtown hotels.

Chief Beavers declared he would stamp out vice if he had to detail a special officer at every one of the hotels in question. Several additional arrests will be made before noon, it is believed.

The Smith girl repeated her story with many additional details of the "system" which is said to be the most completely organized in the history of Atlanta.

Taking a lesson from her own harrowing experience, she has issued a warning to young girls to beware of the wiles of procurers, who, she says, ply the streets with pleasant smiles and entice girls to well-known hotels of the downtown district, where the "system" is completely organized so that there is never a chance of detection or escape for the unfortunate victim.

## No Chance to Escape.

"It is terrible," the Smith girl told Chief Beavers. "You should have your men turn their attention to the downtown hotels, where the 'system' is organized so completely that there is no chance of turning away from wrong, once a girl gets there."

"The woman procurer who took me in charge and she is just like scores of others who walk the streets every day—most me Thursday in a soft drink stand at the corner of Jones and Cone Streets. I told her that I didn't want to go home again, and she replied that she would get me a nice room in the Cumberland Hotel, where I would not be bothered."

"I will give you a new name, too," said the woman. "I will call you Lucile Evans. Now, isn't that a nice name?"

"The woman also suggested that she go and register for me, as the appearance of two women would excite suspicion. To all of this I agreed; it was so easy, you know—nothing to do but get ready."

To Tell Story in Court.

She told the Chief she had been to two hotels since leaving home last Wednesday and that she found conditions at both the same.

"The girl, who will be tried Tuesday afternoon, says she is going to tell the whole truth to Recorder Ely, because she wants to save other young girls who might meet the fate she did."

Leola Barnhart, the alleged woman procurer, who was surrendered to the police by her attorney Monday night, and Ellah Murray, the elevator boy at the Cumberland Hotel, will be tried Tuesday afternoon, also on charges of disorderly conduct.

## John D. Golfs on His 74th Birthday

CLEVELAND, OHIO, July 8.—John D. Rockefeller quietly celebrated his seventy-fourth birthday today at his estate at Forest Hill.

Mr. Rockefeller got many telegrams of congratulation and received a number of old friends. His daily program included a game of golf, as usual.



DEPARTMENT TO GOVERN BANKS PROPOSED

Bill, in Both House and Senate, Provides for Supervisor of State Institutions.

A bill providing for the creation of a department of banking to regulate and supervise approximately 600 State banks in Georgia was presented Monday to the House and Senate Committee on Banks and Banking by the Georgia Bankers' Association.

The bill, if passed, will revolutionize the method of supervision of State banks as it will take such supervision entirely from the hands of the State Comptroller and his assistants.

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The Georgian-American Pony Contest VOTE COUPON

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian PONY CONTEST VOTE COUPON 5 VOTES NOT GOOD AFTER JULY 22, 1913.

Vote for Address CARRIERS AND AGENTS' BALLOT.

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian Pony Contest Coupon 5 VOTES NOT GOOD AFTER JULY 22, 1913.

Vote for Address SCHOOL BOYS' AND GIRLS' BALLOT.

LEE'S ATTORNEY IS READY FOR BONUS FOR PONY CLUBS HELPS WAIT FIGHT "TRAILERS"

Habeas Corpus Move to Free Negro in Phagan Case Due to Start Monday.

Habeas corpus proceedings in behalf of New Lee, negro night watchman at the National Penitentiary, were promoted Monday by the negro's attorney, Bernard L. Chappell.

It is known that the State regards Lee as a material witness in building up its case against Frank. The attitude of Mr. Chappell is that his client knows no more about the crime than he already has told, and should therefore be freed.

The State, however, will fight any effort to give the negro his liberty. Solicitor Dorsey fears that Lee will get out of the jurisdiction of the State if he is permitted his freedom.

The battle over Lee is the only outward sign of activity in the Phagan case. It is known that the State is ready to engage a consulting lawyer Saturday by Frank's lawyers and his attorney will bring excellent suits.

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PICKETT'S MEN RE-ENACTING THEIR FAMOUS CHARGE AT GETTYSBURG



These men are the last of Pickett's Brigade, re-enacting at the Gettysburg reunion their famous charge of fifty years ago.

Relatives of Actor Who Slew Wife and Self Sought Here

The death of Frank Bailey, an old Atlanta boy, who committed suicide in Kansas City Sunday after killing his wife and stage teammate, Made Edwards, has resulted in a close search for relatives of Bailey, who are said to reside in Atlanta.

Carnegie Explains Gift to Vanderbilt

LONDON, July 7.—Andrew Carnegie, passing through London en route to Bilbao, Spain, was seen by a representative of the Hearst papers in reference to the gift of the Vanderbilt University Medical School.

2 Negroes Lynched By Mob in Florida

PENSACOLA, July 7.—A negro, charged with assaulting the gray-eyed daughter of a prominent Holmes County farmer, living near Seely, was lynched today at Milton, Santa Rosa County.

Pastor Prefers Life of Mule to Convict

"I would rather be one of Fulton County's mules than a convict in its convict camp," declared Dr. A. J. Holdery Sunday morning at Moore Memorial Church in a sermon on the "Shame of Georgia's Diabolical Convict System."

Victim of Joy Ride Dies From Injuries

Macon, July 7.—Mynie Brown, 31 years old, died at the local hospital as the result of a broken back sustained four weeks ago when an automobile in which she and three friends were "joy riding" crashed into a telephone pole on the Houston Road.

Edison Talking Pictures Grand Daily 2:30 to 10:30. All seats 10 cents.

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian's Popular Ball Player Contest

My Favorite Player in the Empire League is: of the ... Team.

PLANTERS FIGHT TAX ON COTTON EXCHANGES

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Southern planters are protesting to the Senate Finance Committee against the provision in the tariff bill taxing cotton exchange dealers .5 per cent.

Atlanta Conspicuous As One of 31 Cities With Thousand Elks

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 7.—Atlanta is getting conspicuous mention in reports to the Grand Lodge of Elks here. It is one of only 31 lodges that the order having a membership in excess of 1,000.

Value of '61 Pastor's Theme to the Young

Lessons from the war between the States were incited at the West End Christian Church Sunday by the Rev. William C. Foster, the pastor who appealed to young people in particular to fight their battle with the valor exhibited by the soldiers of Robert E. Lee.

Coleman in Ben Hill Jail for Safekeeping

FITZGERALD, July 7.—W. A. Coleman, who is charged with the murder of Leon McVain, a Wilcox County youth, and who several weeks ago was brought to Ben Hill County jail on account of an attempt to lynch him at Abbeville last week, Coleman was carried to Vienna, Va., by the Sheriff of Dooly County.

Auto Turns Turtle; 1 Injured, 3 Escape

WAYCROSS, July 7.—Dr. G. P. Young's automobile turned turtle after plunging down a high embankment leading to the Battila River bridge last night.

Bones of Snake as Poisonous as Fangs

VIDALIA, July 7.—The deadly poison of the rattlesnake is effective even after the reptile has lain dead, and the bones bleached in the sun for several months, as demonstrated when Cicero Johnson, a negro, stepped upon the bones of a dead rattler while cutting out on the Beasley farm near Norman.

Financial Expert to Address Legislature

Herbert Myrick, of Springfield, Ill., the noted student of finance, will address the Georgia Legislature in joint session July 15.

The Montgomery Scores Again

At the battle of Piedmont Heights. In addition to numerous views of this beautiful and progressive city, characteristic pictures of Hon. J. G. Woodward, Mayor of Atlanta, and of former Governor Joseph M. Brown are shown. You'll enjoy every inch of this film.

The Singing Harmony Trio WE CARRY A DAILY FEATURE PROGRAM 5c from 10 a. m. to 7 p. m. 10c at night. THE MONTGOMERY THEATER Always Cool and Comfortable.

GIRL IS GLAD SHE FAILED TO KILL HERSELF

Phone Operator Survives Thirty Poison Tablets Taken in Suicide Attempt.

Continued From Page 1.

from me. I tried to write him, but the pain overcame me before I was finished.

Since her separation from her husband the young woman has been known by her maiden name. She lived for some time at 24 Capitol Avenue. She had lived at the residence of Mrs. Dovers only a week.

She was married May 11, 1909, and separated from her husband July 1, 1911.

Edison Talking Pictures Grand Daily 2:30 to 10:30. All seats 10 cents.

SPECIAL TRAIN. Mountain Excursion JULY 10.

Lv. Atlanta ... 8:05 a. m. Ar. Asheville ... 6:30 p. m. PARLOR GARS, COACHES, DINING GARS, \$6.00 ROUND TRIP. SEE THE LAND OF THE SKY BY DAYLIGHT. Make Reservations Now. SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Pay Me For Cures Only

If you have been taking medicine for weeks and months and your condition is not getting better, you will certainly get a cure from Dr. J. D. Hughes. I guarantee that your condition will not get any worse. I guarantee that you will get a cure. I guarantee that you will get a cure. I guarantee that you will get a cure.

Robinson's Black Bitters

FOR GREAT numbers of readers the name of this is a familiar name, for at once to them of the minds of a great household remedy for them and their families. In the past half century as a cure for all stomach and blood troubles. To those our friends we want to say that ROBINSON'S BLACK BITTERS ARE AS GOOD AS EVER, and we want you to come to see us at COLBERT & MUNN'S, where we have placed on sale through a call from these interested parties to the city of ATLANTA. For the first time this remarkable remedy.

There are already three hundred dealers in Georgia selling this tonic; but if there is one in your place, order from here. Write to ROBINSON'S BLACK BITTERS, care of what it is for. We will send you a bottle of Bitters, and to this end we will come to you day after day through the

CLOSING OF BANK INVOLVES 40 MILLIONS

One of the Oldest Institutions in Pittsburg Ordered by U. S. Comptroller to Suspend.

PITTSBURGH, July 7.—The First Second National Bank of Pittsburg, one of the city's oldest banking institutions, closed its doors today by direction of the Acting Comptroller of the Currency. The amount involved is said to be between \$25,000,000 and \$40,000,000. One report is that the amount will reach \$20,000,000.

The Pittsburgh branch of the bank had a special meeting last night to consider the impending failure and today another conference was held. Hundreds of depositors, many of them foreigners, packed in the great steel mill located in the bank early to-day but a squad of police kept every one moving.

The First and Second National Bank combined last March and occupied a new 25-story building.

A typewritten notice on the doors stated the institution was in the hands of National Bank Examiner Samuel S. Hahn and that the bank was closed.

A director of the bank to-day made the following statement: "The officers and directors are a unit in maintaining that a great injustice has been done. We are not paid in full. If the Treasury Department, operating through the Comptroller of the Currency, had not interfered and had not subjected the bank to a rigid examination by special examiners who were not able to judge values of property and securities in this country, we would have been able to work out to satisfaction."

Following the news of the closing of the First Second National Bank, a steady run occurred to the Pittsburg Bank for Savings, which is also controlled by the same interests.

McKeespater, Pa., Bank Closes, Also.

PITTSBURGH, July 7.—The First National Bank of McKeespater closed its doors at 10:30 this morning.

The following notice was posted on the door of the institution: "The First National Bank of McKeespater, Pa., is closed for business. All deposits are safe. The bank is under the control of the Federal Reserve Board for the purpose of liquidating the assets of the bank for the benefit of the depositors."

Edison Talking Pictures Grand Daily 2:30 to 10:30. All seats 10 cents.

Pay Me For Cures Only

If you have been taking medicine for weeks and months and your condition is not getting better, you will certainly get a cure from Dr. J. D. Hughes. I guarantee that your condition will not get any worse. I guarantee that you will get a cure. I guarantee that you will get a cure. I guarantee that you will get a cure.

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Small and Large Eggs 12c Doz. 14c Doz.

TUESDAY and Wednesday Till Noon Guaranteed Fresh Country EGGS

Small and Large Eggs 12c Doz. 14c Doz.

CASH, GRD. CO. 118 & 120

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Funeral Designs and Flowers Atlanta Floral Company, 455 EAST FAY STREET.

Mountain Excursion Western North Carolina. Land of the Sky and Sapphire Country. Thursday, July 10. \$8.00 Round Trip \$6.00 Return Limit July 20. SOUTHERN RAILWAY

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# THE FIFTY MILLION YELLOW MENACE

Marvelous are the Japanese, wonderful their power and facility in learning.

In a generation they have changed from a nation of ignorant nobles, depending upon their fighting men—the Samurai, or two-sword men—into modern, intelligent beings, drillers of armies and builders of navies, as big, as powerful, and MORE EFFICIENT THAN THOSE OF THE WHITE MEN IN MANY RESPECTS.

Nature's power only kept the masses of the people fixed within their borders. Mountains and rivers alone sufficed to keep back the moving hordes. When population became too dense, and the great crowd of Tartars, Mongolians, and other Asiatics started on weary marches, hunger, disease and battle killed them.

There could have been no thought a few years ago of the Japanese crossing the great Pacific Ocean to this continent.

And to-day, in the minds of intelligent Americans, THAT VERY POSSIBILITY, THAT PROBABILITY, SHOULD BE THE FIRST AND CONSTANT THOUGHT.

The Japanese have changed from men with little canoes, unable to navigate out of the sight of land, into a people that are building torpedo boats swift as express trains, battleships the biggest in the world, AND FLYING MACHINES THAT WITHIN THE LIVES OF THOSE NOW LIVING WILL CARRY MEN AND ARMS ACROSS ANY OCEAN.

We wish that every man in this country, those who make laws, and especially such men as Mr. Wilson and Mr. Bryan, who encourage Japanese ambition and arrogance, JAPANESE AMBITION TO OWN AND CONTROL THIS COUNTRY—we wish that they could read a few pages of a small pamphlet prepared by A. W. Thomas, a pamphlet of facts.

When we are told that the Japanese "do not want to come to America," that there is no reason why they should come, or when it is alleged that America discriminates against the poor yellow man as other countries do not, have at your finger tips a few facts.

The United States, in the first place, has been more gentle, more considerate in its treatment of the Japanese, Chinese and other Asiatics THAN ANY OF THE COLONIES OWNED BY GREAT BRITAIN.

The English call themselves the friends of Japan, and they have an alliance with Japan, offensive and defensive.

And yet the English Government, that England whose newspapers criticise American action, has been more determined in exclusion of the Japanese than any other nation. And the treaty between England and Japan is largely based upon England's desire to be upon good terms with Japan IN ORDER TO BE ABLE TO KEEP THE JAPANESE OUT OF THE ENGLISH COLONIES, AND THUS AVOID LOSING THOSE COLONIES.

### What is Japan?

It is a country of intelligent, determined men and women—ambitious, vain of their power and reckless of life.

The whole of Japan is only equal to two-thirds of the State of California. And more than half of Japan is worthless for the purpose of raising food.

There are in Japan FIFTY MILLIONS of human beings. Think what that means.

And in Japan the birth rate exceeds the death rate vastly.

Every year the number of Japanese born is seven hundred thousand greater than the number of those that die.

What is to become of those seven hundred thousand surplus Japanese yearly?

We don't know, BUT WE DO KNOW THAT THEY SHALL NOT COME HERE TO SPREAD NORTH AND SOUTH AND EAST, AND MAKE THIS NORTHERN COUNTRY THE SPREADING GROUND AND THE BREEDING GROUND OF AN ASIATIC RACE.

Civilization has always traveled around this world—as long as we have known history—from the East to the West.

From Asia to Greece, from Greece to Rome, from Rome to Spain and France, from France to England, from England to the United States, from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

The people of this country do not intend that the thing shall be reversed, or that power and conquest shall come eastward across the Pacific Ocean from Japan to America.

Should there be any continuing of the movement of conquest, in the future as in the past it will still be westward from the western coast of California, west across the Pacific, toward Asia—and that already has been done and begun in Hawaii and in the Philippines.

Think of the temptation that is held out to those fifty millions of Japanese crowded together when they look upon the coast of California.

The three great States of Washington, Oregon and California have a population of only nine people to the square mile, and IN JAPAN THE POPULATION AVERAGES THREE HUNDRED AND THIRTY TO THE SQUARE MILE.

Do we need wonder that the Japanese, fifty millions of them packed in a small territory, the greater part of it arid and worthless, should be eager and determined if possible to overflow and come into the land of promise and wealth, AND OF THE WHITE MAN?

Theorists may say what they please, and sentimentalists may talk as they please.

The white people of the United States are determined that the thousands of square miles on our Pacific Coast, and every other square mile of this continent, SHALL BE PEOPLED IN TIME BY WHITES—AND MEANWHILE THE YELLOW AND THE BROWN RACE SHALL STAY OUT.

The fight which the Americans must carry on now, the fight to keep the Asiatics from coming eastward across the Pacific to this land, is the fight that the plucky men of Hungary, the fighting Frenchman, the determined Germanic tribes carried on for centuries against the Asiatic invasion moving westward.

# WHAT RACE TRACK GAMBLING DID FOR ONE MAN

A reader asks us to print a brief account of one man's gambling experience, published in a newspaper at El Paso, Texas.

He writes: "The story is one of the most direct appeals on the subject I have ever read, and if presented with the forcible coloring you are prepared to give it, it will undoubtedly 'go home' to those who are just starting to feel what the man it tells about must have felt when he still had the opportunity of honorably quitting the game."

We print the story exactly as the El Paso newspaper printed it—no "coloring" is needed.

We say once more to the young men tempted by gambling,

### OLD STORY OF RUIN IN THE RACING GAME.

The Man Who Followed It, Pre-cariously and Otherwise, for Years, and His Sad Ending.

It is the old story of ruin from the racing game. He drifted to El Paso when the Juarez track was opened for the first time. Then he claimed to be representing a string of Eastern papers as racing correspondent. But this was only for the purpose of obtaining a badge and admission to the press box. That first season was a hard one for the followers of the game, and he finally started issuing racing results in the form of posters to be hung in saloons and restaurants and cigar stores at the close of the day's rac-

ing. This made him a living and left him a little margin to play on the ponies, and that was all life held for him. In summer, when the racing plant in Juarez was closed, he would drift from place to place, where short meets were held, and he succeeded in getting a living in some manner unknown to his friends.

One rainy Sunday morning, in a little second-class restaurant, he told the story of his downfall. It is the cut-and-dried story of the effect of racing on young men. But it was true as he told it. Once he had been the confidential man and assistant manager of a big book binding and stationery house in Buffalo. He was earning a good salary with the promise of a place in the firm soon. Then the company decided

and to fathers and mothers careless about their sons' associations:

**GAMBLING IS THE WORST, MOST DANGEROUS VICE IN CIVILIZATION.**

It is worse than drink, for it destroys honor, as well as health.

Gambling long maintained will make any man a thief or a worse criminal.

There is NO honorable professional gambler, as there is no honorable professional burglar.

Gambling leads to sorrow, poverty, disgrace and crime.

Here is the plain story of one gambler, published in the Texas newspaper:

to open a branch plant in Chicago to supply the bank and wholesale trade. The young man was selected as the branch manager because of his ability. He went to Chicago and was doing a big business for the firm and had received a half dozen raises since the branch was opened.

One Saturday afternoon in summer he spent his half holiday at the track where the horses were running. He laid a bet for fun. He won and wagered another. This likewise doubled his money, and he plunged. The term had entered his blood, and he started a consistent policy of race track gambling.

The inevitable happened and he lost his position. Naturally, he turned to the easy money game which had cost him his job. He

became a bookmaker, a sheet writer and a gambler. He followed the game to Florida when it was outlawed in Illinois. From there he went from place to place, finally landing in El Paso. By that time he was middle-aged and there were streaks of gray in his hair. When the races closed last spring he was neither physically nor financially able to follow the crowd to Latonia.

He remained here and lived the best he could. His brooding resulted in his making \$1,000,000 mind bets on favorites in races that had been run. Wednesday night he was detained by the police on a charge of being insane. His brooding had been too much for his mind, and it had killed him. He is now in the county jail, where he will be held until he is examined by an insanity board.



# BEH

In the midst of great black forests a big river. Toward everything else is waves alone break.

Inside the fort were full of prisoners. One day the house was a catacomb in which full of living and on their mattresses object or other in they were on the v

But when evening awoke to life. chers were rapping thanks to a secret able to carry on l Occasionally the steps along the plunged the whole fence, and when the clear life began again became accustomed

instance, they could their fingers, and to form an opinion their correspondent sition from the Sometimes, however with a desire to talk a little, as if to ed they really still

One night when was conversing, a hearty laughter w clear voice of a prisoners were scar thing quite abnorm

The rapping on the The whole prison w second time the sounded through the ly as if a dead per spoken.

She who had laugh child. When they b her at her mother's not understood how was, but had stood followed the officer